

Today's Weather



Hi:53° Lo:53°

February 1, 2002
Volume 1, Issue 2

6th Grade Tests & Quizzes

- 2/1** English B Spelling Quiz
Spanish Foke & Stone Quiz
- 2/4** Transition Math Quest
(I don't know what they are)
- 2/5** English C Spelling Quiz
Transition Math Test
Mrs. Lounsbary's Birthday
- 2/6** Science Quiz
History Test
- 2/7** Spanish Foke Quiz
- 2/18** English A&B Spelling Quiz
- 2/20** English C Spelling Quiz
- 2/21** Vocabulary Quiz
One Learning Center Due
- 2/25** Science Test
- 2/26** English A&B Spelling Quiz
Transition Quiz
- 2/27** Transition Quest
- 2/28** English C Spelling Quiz
Transition Test
Book Report Due

The Hisle News
<http://members.iglou.com/hisle/critter/>

The Hisle News

Help!!!!!!!!!!!!

-Christopher Hisle

Due to lack of time and staff, it took awhile to get this together anywhere close to on time. Please fill out the attached form if you want to be on my staff. Turn it in by the end of term (2/22/02.)

About the computer and Windows XP

The computer that I am using is a custom built, very loud, 1.2 GHz processor, and it has Windows XP loaded in it. Though others may disagree with me, I think that the only problem with XP is that it doesn't have as comprehensive controls for security.

A warning to XP users: it automatically loads the latest version of what-ever program you're using. For example, if you were an AOL user, and wanted AOL 6.0, you would not be able to, because XP preloaded with MSN & AOL 7.0.

It is possible to run older programs, but you need to go into the program folder. This is impossible if you are not a computer administrator. That is a type of ID.

Turning into a computer Administrator

Ask your parents, or who ever is the owner of the computer, if you can delete a bad program.

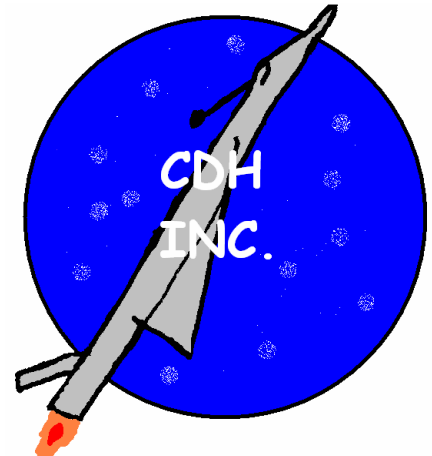
If yes- Ask if you can go on to their account to change yours to computer administrator.

If yes go to section 5-8

If no, stop.

If no-stop.

Section 5-8: To change account types, go to <START MENU> go to <CONTROL PANEL> click on <user accounts>, go to your ID, click <change type>, and click <Computer Administrator>. p



How Fire Came To Be: Part I

-Christopher Hisle

Pyrotheo was a god that didn't like being a god. He would spend time among the mortals a lot. That is how he discovered that men were starving and cold. On one of his stays in his God house at the bottom of Mt. Olympia, he realized that there was a bright, hot, crackling thing that had been there before he existed, but had no name. He remembered how well it roasted

How the Station Gets Power

Including the D cells

-Christopher Hisle

The International Space Station gets its power from Solar Panels and big batteries. The solar panels work because they use silicon wafers, like the ones in computer chips, which get excited and produce an electrical current. Although individually the cells don't do much, when there are 264,400 cells on a 27, 00 ft² worth of solar panels, there is enough to do almost anything.

The batteries need to be powerful enough to be able to support

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fresh thingamabobbers, a type of ape, and kept him warm. He realized this is what man needed.

Pyrotheo decided to go to the God council, a council of both earthly gods like Zeus and interplanetary gods like Astrotheo, headed by Proto-Pan-Theo, Proto for short, on Jupiter. He started packing. He packed roasted thingamabobbers, to eat, a hot coal of the hot thing, to show them what he's talking about, pants, shirt, toothpaste, teeth, toothbrush, tooth comb, and his whole supply of Cloud-Zinger™, the second fastest transport in the universe topping out at 200 million mph. So, he was on his way. p

36 minutes of darkness on charged power, and get charged fully in one hour that the solar panels are in sunlight. The charge needs to be enough so that computers, lights, the filtering system, and the air maker. Could you do that with lots of rechargeable D-cells (73,334 of them?) I don't think that you would have the patience to count enough of them. The



actual battery is a nickel-hydrogen battery (pictured left) with 38

connected cells enclosed in a case. There are banks of them. You would need the national treasurer to keep the d-cells in.

Switching between battery power (DC) and solar power (AC) twice in orbit, but still producing a reliable, glitch-free, current is kind of hard. I'm not sure how it's done, but it lets, after 110 kilowatts go to: batteries from solar panels, life support systems, and computers, there is 46 kW left for experiments, enough to run a small village.

The air making goes on by an electric process that separates hydrogen from oxygen to produce air. There is less nitrogen in the air in the space station than on Earth. Instead of 73% it's more like 50%. p

I got all the Info from <http://liftoff.msfc.nasa.gov/news/2001/news-stationpower.aspx>

Tournaments

Awards

1/12/02

Dunbar tournament

In Primary

The team got 4th place in the tournament

4th place under 600: Beau Bagley
5th place under 600: Timothy Hisle

9th place unrated: Andrew Bakert
8th place unrated: Alex Hawkins

In Elementary

The team got 5th place in the tournament

1st place unrated: Tim Gilbert

5th place under 800: Adam Trontz

4th place overall: Nicholas Maloney

Upcoming Tournaments 2/9/02

Quad C Qualifying Tournaments

This is the qualifying tournament for the State Tournament

For more tournaments, see Mr. Gunn in the trailer.

Weather

Day	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday
Condition	Mostly Sunny	Partly Cloudy	Partly Cloudy	Partly Cloudy
Hi	40°	39°	40°	36°
Lo	24°	24°	23°	27°

Foxtrot

By Bill Amend

I got this comic strip from <http://www.ucomics.com/foxtrot/viewft.html>

